CHARTBOOK: Trump-GOP Tax Cuts Failing Workers & The Economy

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Americans for Tax Fairness is a diverse coalition of 425 national and state endorsing organizations that collectively represent tens of millions of members. The organization was formed on the belief that the country needs comprehensive, progressive tax reform that results in greater revenue to meet our growing needs. ATF is playing a central role in Washington and in the states on federal tax-reform issues.

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CHARTBOOK: TRUMP-GOP TAX CUTS FAILING WORKERS & THE ECONOMY

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TRUMP-GOP TAX CUTS FAILING WORKERS & THE ECONOMY

SUMMARY

Eight principal promises about the benefits of the Trump-GOP tax overhaul that helped speed its enactment in late 2017 have failed to come true. Two years into the Republican plan—officially named the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act (TCJA)—we’ve seen predictions about who would benefit most from the tax cuts (including a $4,000 family pay-raise guarantee), how much they would cost and how much the economy would grow all proven false, as detailed in this report.

- **PROMISE:** It will be a middle-class tax cut.
  
  *REALITY:* The richest 1% of taxpayers will get an average tax cut of $50,000 in 2020, over 75 times more than the tax cut for the bottom 80%, which will average $645. [Figure 1] The richest 1% will receive a total of $78 billion in tax cuts in 2020—about equal to what the bottom 80% will get. [Fig. 2] A big reason: corporations, which are mostly owned by the wealthy, got a huge tax cut. Ninety-one profitable Fortune 500 corporations paid no federal incomes taxes in 2018 [Fig. 4] and 379 paid an effective tax rate of just 11.3%. Corporate tax revenue has collapsed—falling by about one-third since the tax law was passed. [Fig. 6]

- **PROMISE:** Wealthy people—like Donald Trump—won’t benefit from the tax cut.
  
  *REALITY:* President Trump and his family will benefit personally by millions of dollars from at least five features of the law. [Fig. 7]

- **PROMISE:** Working families will quickly get a $4,000 to $9,000 raise.
  
  *REALITY:* Median family income barely budged—up $514—in 2018, the first year under the tax law. That’s much slower growth than in each of the last three years under Obama. The acceleration in wage growth is up just 0.2% over the nearly two years since the tax law was enacted. Under Obama’s last two years wage growth acceleration was 0.7%. [Figs. 9-10]

- **PROMISE:** Small businesses will receive a big tax cut.
  
  *REALITY:* Almost half the benefits of this supposed “small” business tax cut are going to the tiny sliver of businesses with over $1 million in annual income. Less than a quarter is going to firms with income of $200,000 or less. [Fig. 11]

- **PROMISE:** The economy will grow by 4%, 5%, or 6%.
  
  *REALITY:* Economic growth (GDP) since the tax law was enacted has been in line with the Obama years. Growth hasn’t hit 3% under Trump—after the tax cuts it averaged 2.9% in 2018 and just 2.3% in 2019. [Fig.12]

- **PROMISE:** Tax cuts will pay for themselves.
  
  *REALITY:* The tax cuts will add $1.9 trillion to the national debt. Conservatives claimed the law’s lower tax rates would raise a lot more revenue. But the deficit has exploded, reaching nearly $1 trillion in 2019, up more than 70% since Obama’s last year in office. [Fig. 13]

- **PROMISE:** The pace of job growth will quicken.
  
  *REALITY:* Monthly job growth has averaged 200,000 over the last two years. Job growth in the last two years of the Obama Administration averaged 210,000 a month. [Fig. 14]

- **PROMISE:** Business investment will boom.
  
  *REALITY:* After just one quarter of modest growth in 2018, capital investment has declined overall since then, falling into negative territory in the last three quarters of 2019. Corporations are mostly using their tax cuts to further enrich their wealthy CEOs and shareholders through record stock buybacks. [Figs. 16-17]
1. THE PROMISE: IT WILL BE A MIDDLE-CLASS TAX CUT

“Our framework ensures that the benefits of tax reform go to the middle class, not to the highest earners.” – President Trump, Oct. 11, 2017 [USA Today]

“The rich will not be gaining at all with this plan.”
– President Trump, Sept. 13, 2017 [The Guardian]

![Figure 1: Tax Cut for Richest 1% Dwars Others](image)

The richest 1% of taxpayers will get an average tax cut of $50,000 in 2020 from the Trump-GOP tax cuts. That’s over 75 times more than the tax cut for the bottom 80% of taxpayers, which will average $645.

These figures are comparable to estimates from the Tax Policy Center for 2018, which found the average tax cut for the richest 1% to be $51,000 and the average tax cut for the bottom 80% to be about $800. [Table 1, “All Provisions”]
In 2020, the richest 1% will receive a total of $78 billion in tax cuts from the Trump-GOP tax law—more than a quarter of the total. That’s about the same amount as the bottom 80% of taxpayers will get.
The Trump-GOP tax cuts disproportionately benefit white Americans at the expense of other racial groups. In 2020, whites will make up 67% of tax filers but will garner 79% of the tax cuts. On the other hand, African Americans will comprise 10% of all filers yet only receive 5% of the benefits. Latinx will be 12% of filers but get only 7% of the tax savings.

**FIGURE 4: 91 CORPORATIONS PAID ZERO FEDERAL INCOME TAXES IN 2018**


The Trump-GOP tax cuts were focused first and foremost on cutting corporate income taxes. The law slashed the U.S. corporate tax rate on domestic profits from 35% to 21% and on foreign profits to about 10%. The law expanded the ability to write off equipment purchases, and granted corporations other big favors, but it did not close corporate tax loopholes. As a result, 91 profitable Fortune 500 corporations paid no U.S. corporate income taxes in 2018. Moreover, 379 profitable corporations paid an effective federal income tax rate of just 11.3% on their 2018 income, slightly more than half the 21% corporate tax rate—which already had been slashed down from 35% in 2017.
Corporate profits have increased at a healthy rate since the Trump-GOP tax cuts were enacted but corporate tax receipts have plummeted. That’s because the law slashed the corporate tax rate from 35% to 21% on domestic profits and to just 10% on U.S. corporate offshore profits.
Corporate tax revenue has collapsed due to the GOP tax cuts. It fell by nearly one-third, or $92 billion between 2017 and 2018 and is on track to be at roughly the same depressed level in 2019. Those totals are about 40% lower than the $349 billion collected in 2014.

Source: Federal Tax Receipts from U.S. Treasury, Monthly Treasury Statements, Table 7. Fiscal year monthly data presented on a calendar basis. Note: 2019 data represents 11 months annualized. [https://www.fiscal.treasury.gov/reports-statements/mts/previous.html](https://www.fiscal.treasury.gov/reports-statements/mts/previous.html)
2. THE PROMISE: WEALTHY PEOPLE LIKE DONALD TRUMP WON’T BENEFIT FROM THE TAX CUT

“This is going to cost me a fortune, this thing, believe me. This is not good for me. Me, it’s not so – I have some very wealthy friends. Not so happy with me, but that’s OK. You know I keep hearing Schumer: ‘This is for the wealthy.’ Well, if it is, my friends don’t know about it.” – President Trump, Nov. 29, 2017 [New York Times]

FIGURE 7: HOW TRUMP PERSONALLY BENEFITS FROM HIS TAX CUTS

The top individual tax rate was cut to 37% from 39%. As a billionaire, Trump is undoubtedly in the top bracket.

As a big stock market investor, Trump is benefitting from the huge corporate tax cuts.

Trump could save between $11-22 million from the cut in the business “pass-through” tax rate.

Trump’s family could save $4 million from weakening of the estate tax.

Trump will profit from real estate loopholes the new law failed to close, plus a few it added.

3. THE PROMISE: WORKING FAMILIES WILL GET A $4,000 TO $9,000 RAISE

“My Council of Economic Advisors estimate that [changes in the taxation of offshore profits], along with a lower business tax rate, would likely give the typical American household around a $4,000 pay raise.” – President Trump, Oct. 11, 2017 [YouTube]

“When we use the more optimistic estimates from the literature, wage boosts are over $9,000 for the average U.S. household.” – Council of Economic Advisers (CEA), Oct. 2017

“I would expect to see an immediate jump in wage growth.”

**FIGURE 8: HOUSEHOLD INCOME HAS BARELY BUDGED**

Median Annual Household Income, 2010-2018


The big raises President Trump and his aides promised working families would receive soon after the corporate tax cut have failed to materialize. Median family income grew by just $514 in the year following enactment of the tax law, or by 0.8%. That’s much slower growth than occurred during each of the last three years under President Obama.
President Trump and the GOP claim their tax cuts succeeded in increasing wage growth. But acceleration in wage growth has been a modest 0.2% over the nearly two years since the Trump-GOP tax law was enacted—climbing from 2.7% to 2.9%, not discounting for inflation. By comparison, the increase in wage growth over the last two years of President Obama’s term rose from 2.0% to 2.7%—or by 0.7%.
Highly publicized bonuses announced soon after enactment of the Trump-GOP tax law in 2017 were offered as evidence that the corporate tax cuts were good for workers. But after 18 months the data show that bonuses as a share of total compensation fell significantly.
4. **THE PROMISE: SMALL BUSINESSES WILL RECEIVE A BIG TAX CUT**

“The large number of pass-through returns, [98 percent], are all $500,000 or less. Those people will get substantial reductions — small and medium-size businesses.”

– Treasury Secretary Steven Mnuchin, Nov. 17, 2017 [CNBC]

**FIGURE 11: “SMALL” BUSINESS TAX CUTS LARGELY GOING TO THE WEALTHY**

Distribution of Pass-Through Deduction Tax Savings in 2018

$Billions

![Bar chart showing distribution of tax savings](https://www.bloomberg.com/graphics/2018-tax-plan-consequences/)


Almost half of the benefits of this supposed “small” business tax cut are going to the tiny sliver of businesses with over $1 million in annual income. Less than a quarter is going to firms with income of $200,000 or less.

This tax break pertains to “pass-throughs,” which are unincorporated businesses ranging from corner groceries to big law firms. They don’t pay corporate income taxes. Instead, profits pass through to the owners who pay any tax due on their personal returns at individual rates. The Trump-GOP tax law allows (with many complex exceptions) owners of pass-throughs to exclude 20% of their business income from taxation. Such a deduction is more valuable the higher the tax bracket: it in essence lowers the top tax rate from 37% to under 30%.

Although most U.S. businesses are pass-throughs, their income is highly concentrated: 60% of this tax break will go to the richest 1% of taxpayers by 2024.
5. THE PROMISE: THE ECONOMY WILL GROW BY 4%, 5%, OR 6%

“The economy now is at 3% [GDP]. Nobody thought it would be anywhere close. I think we could go to 4, 5, and maybe even 6%, ultimately.”
– President Trump, Dec. 16, 2017 [Real Clear Politics]

“This huge tax cut will be rocket fuel for our economy.”
– President Trump, Sept. 29, 2017 [Wall Street Journal]

President Trump made boastful predictions of perhaps doubling the pace of economic growth with the big boost to Gross Domestic Product (GDP) he predicted from his tax cuts. The reality has been GDP growth is in line with the Obama years. Growth hasn’t hit 3% under Trump—growth after the tax cuts averaged 2.9% in 2018 and just 2.3% in 2019.
6. THE PROMISE: TAX CUTS WILL PAY FOR THEMSELVES

“We have $21 trillion in debt. When this [tax cut] really kicks in we’ll start paying off that debt like water.” – President Trump, July 26, 2018 [NY Magazine]

“[A]s I’ve said at 3% economic growth this tax plan will not only pay for itself but in fact create additional revenue for the government.”
– Treasury Secretary Steven Mnuchin, Aug. 28, 2018 [Business Insider]

“We are totally confident this is a revenue-neutral bill and probably a revenue producer.”

The total cost of the tax cuts is estimated at $1.9 trillion, according to the Congressional Budget Office, which will be added to the national debt. Conservatives claimed the law’s lower tax rates would raise a lot more revenue through greater economic activity. But largely due to the tax cuts (especially for corporations), the deficit has exploded, reaching nearly $1 trillion in 2019, up more than 70% from the $585 billion during Obama’s last year in office.
7. THE PROMISE: THE PACE OF JOB GROWTH WILL QUICKEN

"I consider this very much... a bill for jobs."
– President Trump at signing ceremony for TCJA, Dec. 22, 2017 [NBC]

Figure 14: Trump’s Job Gains No Better Than Obama’s

Despite Republican claims that their tax plan would quicken the pace of job growth, employment gains over the two years since the tax cuts were enacted is generally in line with the trend over the previous seven years after the Great Recession ended. Monthly job growth has averaged 200,000 over the last two years, whereas monthly job growth in the last two years of the Obama Administration averaged 210,000. Obama’s monthly job growth in his least three years averaged 224,000, whereas Trump has averaged 193,000.

A seven-year decline in the unemployment rate under President Obama has continued in the two years since enactment of the Trump-GOP tax law. The tax cuts appear to have done little, if anything, to reduce unemployment.
8. THE PROMISE: BUSINESS INVESTMENT WILL BOOM

“I would expect capital spending to really take off if the tax bill passes.”

Figure 16: The Fast-Disappearing Investment Boom

U.S. Business Investment Quarterly Growth Rate in Non-Residential Business Fixed Investment, 2010-2019

Source: BEA, National Accounts (NIPA): Section 1, Table 1.1.1, Line 9: “Percent Change From Preceding Period In Real Gross Domestic Product: Gross private domestic investment: Fixed investment: Nonresidential.”
https://apps.bea.gov/iTable/iTable.cfm?reqid=19&step=2 - reqid=19&step=2&isuri=1&1921=survey

Supporters claimed the Trump-GOP tax law—specifically, the big corporate tax cut—would lead to a business investment boom. Instead, after just one-quarter of modest growth in 2018 (rising from 8.4% at the end of 2017 to 8.8%), capital investment has declined overall, falling into negative territory in the last three quarters of 2019.
Corporate stock buybacks exploded in the year following enactment of the Trump-GOP tax law, as corporations showered their tax-cut savings on top executives and other wealthy shareholders. Corporations bought back a record $800 billion-plus of their own shares in 2018. That represented an increase of more than 50% over the $519 billion in stock buybacks in 2017. Stock buybacks were on track to top $720 billion in 2019, after hitting $547 billion in the first three quarters.
## Options to Amend or Repeal Trump-GOP Tax Cuts for the Rich & Corporations

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>INDIVIDUAL TAXES</th>
<th>10-Year Estimate LOW $ Billions</th>
<th>10-Year Estimate HIGH $ Billions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Return top individual income tax rate to 39.6% from 37%. (JCT for Senate Democrats’ 2018 infrastructure plan)</td>
<td>128</td>
<td>128</td>
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<tr>
<td>Restore the individual Alternative Minimum Tax (AMT) to pre-TCJA levels. Ensures that wealthier taxpayers pay at least a minimally acceptable level of tax. (JCT for Senate Democrats’ 2018 infrastructure plan)</td>
<td>425</td>
<td>425</td>
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<tr>
<td>Restore estate, gift and GST taxes to pre-TCJA parameters. Applies a 40% tax on estates valued at $5.5 million/single and $11 million/couple. (JCT for Senate Democrats’ 2018 infrastructure plan)</td>
<td>82</td>
<td>82</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>SUBTOTAL</strong></td>
<td><strong>635</strong></td>
<td><strong>635</strong></td>
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### BUSINESS TAXES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>10-Year Estimate LOW $ Billions</th>
<th>10-Year Estimate HIGH $ Billions</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Repeal 20% deduction for certain business income. Eliminates the TCJA’s partial income deduction for “pass-through” businesses. Estimate is revenue lost from tax break, not revenue gained. (JCT)</td>
<td>387</td>
<td>387</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>SUBTOTAL</strong></td>
<td><strong>454</strong></td>
<td><strong>454</strong></td>
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### CORPORATE TAXES

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<thead>
<tr>
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<th>10-Year Estimate LOW $ Billions</th>
<th>10-Year Estimate HIGH $ Billions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Raise the corporate income tax rate. Each percentage point increase from current 21% rate raises $96 billion. Estimates are for rates of 25% and 35%. (JCT for Senate Democrats’ 2018 infrastructure plan; CBO)</td>
<td>359</td>
<td>1,300</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Remove tax incentives promoting corporate outsourcing and profit shifting. No official revenue estimate but it is believed could raise hundreds of billions of dollars.</td>
<td>NA</td>
<td>NA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reform expensing and depreciation tax deductions. Limits or ends the ability of businesses to gain tax benefits by writing off the cost of capital investments faster than they wear out (known as full expensing or bonus depreciation). (Revenue lost estimate by ATF based on CBO and JCT estimates.)</td>
<td>293</td>
<td>293</td>
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<tr>
<td>Further limit deductibility of interest on business debt.</td>
<td>NA</td>
<td>NA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>SUBTOTAL</strong></td>
<td><strong>652</strong></td>
<td><strong>1,593</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**TOTAL** | **$1,741** | **$2,682** |